

Practice Exam #8

THE WORLD SKATEBOARDING CHAMPIONSHIPS

The city of Olliesville has been chosen to host this year's World Skateboarding Championships.

An event of this magnitude involves many costs, which include:

- purchasing a full-pipe
- constructing and painting the ramp and the half-pipe
- constructing a spectator area
- purchasing a giant video screen

The money generated from ticket sales will serve as the budget to cover all the costs of the championships.

Your task is to determine a possible measure for the diagonal of the giant video screen, while respecting the budget and costs.

TICKET SALES

The organizing committee's budget, used to cover all costs, will be based on an estimate of the number of tickets that will be sold during the championships.

To determine this estimate, the committee will use the median number of tickets sold from the eight previous championships, which are shown in the table below.

| NUMBER OF TICKETS SOLD IN THE 8 PREVIOUS CHAMPIONSHIPS | | | | | | | |
|--|--------|--------|------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 16 000 | 35 000 | 22 500 | 8600 | 32 000 | 14 000 | 17 500 | 12 000 |

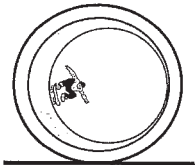
The price per ticket is \$18.

THE FULL-PIPE

Two companies have offered their services to design and build the full-pipe based on volume. For the size of the full-pipe needed, the cost is the same for both companies.

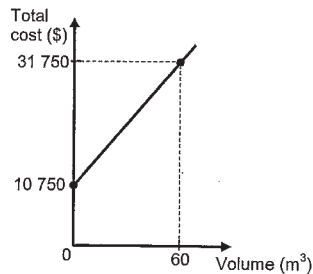
COMPANY A

Company A charges \$30 per m^3 and an initial design fee of \$26 750.



COMPANY B

PURCHASE OF A FULL-PIPE



WORLD CLASS RAMPS

The company *World Class Ramps* will be constructing the ramp and the half-pipe, and painting the skateboarding surfaces of both.

The table below represents the cost of concrete according to volume.

The cost of a protective paint can depend on its colour. A full can of paint covers up to $60 m^2$.

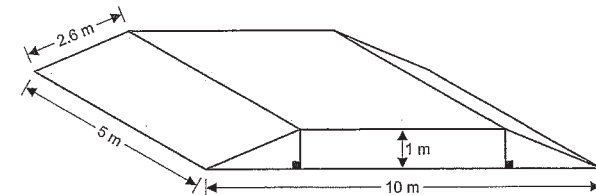
| COST OF CONCRETE | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| VOLUME OF CONCRETE (m^3) | COST (\$) |
| 25 | 4125 |
| 40 | 6600 |

| COST OF PROTECTIVE PAINT | |
|--------------------------|-------------------|
| PAINT COLOUR | COST PER CAN (\$) |
| Blue | 130.00 |
| Red | 136.25 |

> THE RAMP

The ramp, composed of one rectangular-based prism and two congruent triangular-based prisms, will be made out of concrete.

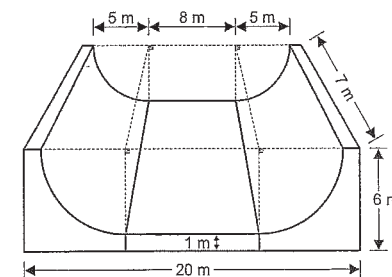
The skateboarding surfaces (shaded areas) will be covered with a coat of blue protective paint.



> THE HALF-PIPE

The half-pipe will be made out of concrete. Its shape can best be described as a large rectangular prism from which a smaller rectangular prism (in the middle) and two quarter-cylinders (one on either side) have been removed.

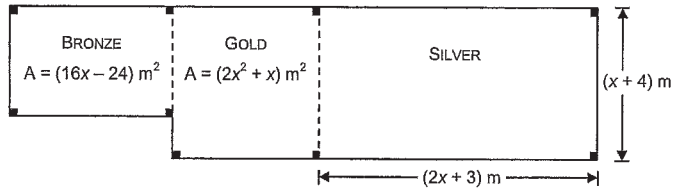
The skateboarding surfaces (shaded areas) will be covered with a coat of red protective paint.



SPECTATOR AREA

The spectator area will be divided into the three sections: bronze, gold, and silver.

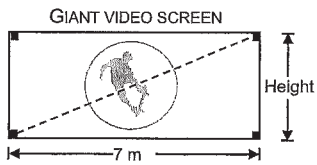
The sum of the areas of the bronze and gold sections is equal to the area of the silver section.



The cost of constructing the spectator area is \$500 per square metre.

GIANT VIDEO SCREEN

With any money that is left after the full-pipe, ramp, half-pipe and spectator area costs, the organizing committee will purchase a giant video screen to display the live action at the event.



As shown in the table below, the cost of a video screen depends on its height.

| HEIGHT (metres) | COST OF THE VIDEO SCREEN (\$) |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| $[2,4[$ | 30 000 |
| $[4,6[$ | 60 000 |
| $[6,8[$ | 120 000 |
| $[8,10[$ | 180 000 |

- ♦ The base of the video screen measures 7 metres.

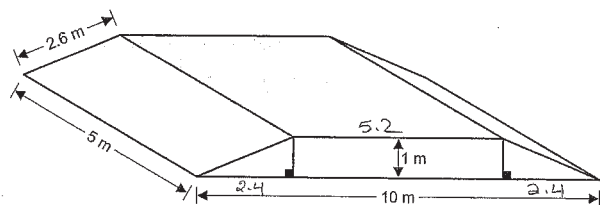
Your task is to determine a possible measure for the diagonal of the giant video screen, while respecting the budget and costs.

Practice Exam #8 - Solution

The World Skateboarding Championships

Show all your work.

THE RAMP



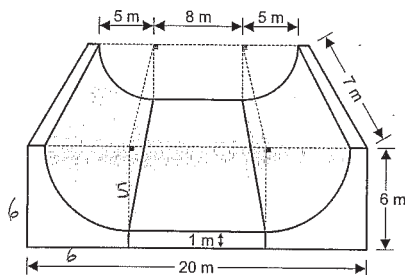
$$A_b = \frac{(2.4)(1)}{2} + (5.2)(1) + \frac{(2.4)(1)}{2}$$

$$= 1.2 + 5.2 + 1.2$$

THE HALF-PIPE = 7.6 m^2

$$V = (7.6)(5)$$

$$= 38 \text{ m}^3$$



$$A_b = (6^2 - \frac{1}{4}\pi(5)^2) + (8)(1) + (6^2 - \frac{1}{4}\pi(5)^2)$$

$$= (36 - 6.25\pi) + 8 + (36 - 19.63)$$

$$= 16.37 + 8 + 16.37$$

$$= 40.73 \text{ m}^2$$

$$V = 40.73(7)$$

$$= 285.11 \text{ m}^3$$

Show all your work.

Ticket Sales:

Reorder data:

$$8600 - 12000 - 14000 - 16000 \rightarrow 17500 - 22500 - 32000 - 35000$$

$$M_d = \frac{16000 + 17500}{2} = 16750 \text{ tickets}$$

$$\text{Budget} = 16750(18) = \$301500$$

The Full-pipe:

Company B:

$$y_A = 30x + 26750$$

$$a = \frac{31750 - 10750}{60} = \frac{21000}{60} = 350$$

$$y_B = 350x + 10750$$

$$b = 10750$$

$$y_B = 350x + 10750$$

Same Cost: $y_A = y_B$

$$30x + 26750 = 350x + 10750$$

$$16000 = 320x$$

$$50 = x \text{ (volume)}$$

$$\text{Cost } y_A = 30(50) + 26750$$

$$= 28250$$

$$y_B = 350(50) + 10750$$

$$= 28250$$

Cost of full pipe is \$ 28250

Show all your work.

World Class Ramps:

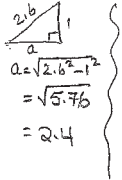
Cost of Concrete: $a = \frac{6600 - 4125}{40 - 25} = \frac{2475}{15} = 165$

$b = 4125 - 165(25) = 0$

$\therefore C(v) = 165v$

➤ The Ramp

Volume = $V_{\text{prism}} + 2 \cdot V_{\text{prism}}$
 $= ABH + 2 A_b h$
 $= (5.2)(1)(5) + 2 \left(\frac{0.4(1)(5)}{2} \right)$
 $= 26 + 12$
 $= 38 \text{ m}^3$



Area = $2(5)(2.6) + (5.2)(5)$
 $= 26 + 26$
 $= 52 \text{ m}^2$

\therefore 1 can of blue

$C(38) = \frac{\$6270}{38(165)}$

cost of paint \$130

Total \$6400

➤ The half Pipe

or P.T.O

Volume = $V_{\text{prism}} - (V_{\text{prism}} + \frac{1}{2} V_{\text{cyl}})$
 $= ABH - (A_b h + \frac{1}{2} \pi r^2 h)$
 $= (20)(6)(7) - ((5)(8)(7) + \frac{1}{2} \pi (5)^2 (7))$
 $= 840 - (280 + 274.89)$
 $= 840 - 554.89$
 $= 285.11 \text{ m}^3$

Area = $A_{\text{rect}} + \frac{1}{2} A_{\text{cyl}}$
 $= (l)(w) + \frac{1}{2} \pi d h$
 $= (8)(7) + \frac{1}{2} \pi (10)(7)$
 $= 56 + 109.97$
 $= 165.97 \text{ m}^2 \div 60 = 2.7$

\therefore 3 cans of Red.

$C(285.11) = 285.11(165)$
 $= 47043.15$

Cost = $3(136.25)$
 $= \$408.75$

Total \$47451.90

Show all your work.

Spectator Area:

$B + G = S$

$(16x - 24) + (2x^2 + x) = (2x + 3)(x + 4)$

$2x^2 + 17x - 24 = 2x^2 + 11x + 12$

$6x = 36$

$x = 6$

Total Area = $\frac{B}{16(6) - 24} + \frac{G}{2(6)^2 + (6)} + \frac{S}{2(6)^2 + 11(6) + 12}$
 $= 96 - 24 + 72 + 6 + 72 + 66 + 12$
 $= 72 + 78 + 150$
 $= 300 \text{ m}^2$

Cost = $300(500) = \$150,000$

Show all your work.

Giant Video Screen:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Money left: } & 301\,500 - 232\,101.9 \\ & = \$69\,398.1 \end{aligned}$$

∴ They can afford a screen
with height ∈ [4,6]

if height is 5m

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Diagonal} &= \sqrt{7^2 + 5^2} \\ &= \sqrt{74} \\ &= 8.6 \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$

Use the table below if needed.

| | COST (\$) |
|----------------|-----------|
| FULL-PIPE | 28 250 |
| RAMP | 6 400 |
| HALF-PIPE | 47 451.90 |
| SPECTATOR AREA | 150 000 |
| TOTAL | 232 101.9 |

Answer:

A possible measure for the diagonal of the giant video screen is 8.6 metres.